ON-GOING PROJECTS R&D AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT

« BITS'N PIECES »

S. Happel TrisKem Users Group Meeting 14th of September 2010 Chester (UK)



Outline

Results of some on-going projects

Ga-68 purification
Zr separation
Sn separation

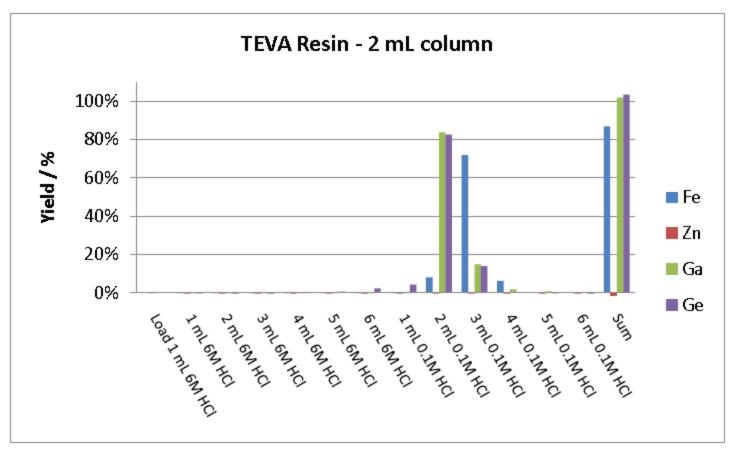


- Context: purification of Ga-68 obtained from Ge-68/Ga-68 generator
- > Too high levels of Fe and Zn in Ga-68 fraction

> Literature:

- Cation exchange
- > Anion exchange
- UTEVA (McAlister/Horwitz)

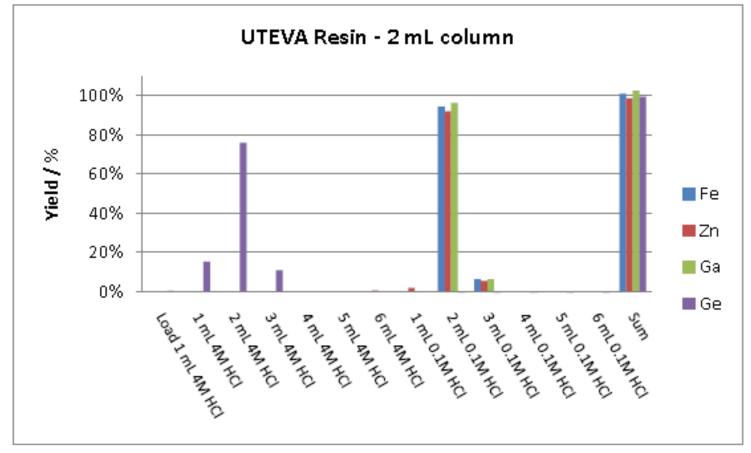




Elution study 2 mL TEVA column; 6M HCl, Elution condition: 0.1M HCl

- Good separation from Zn (stays on column)
- > No separation from Ge, little separation from Fe
 - > Fe separation improvement would lead to Ga loss

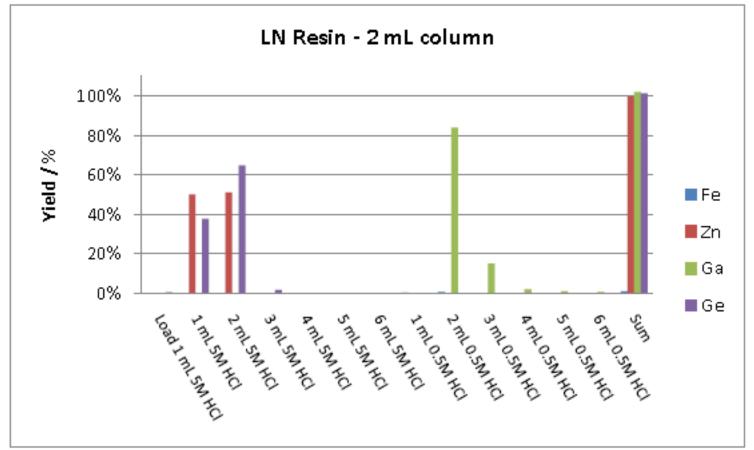




Elution study 2 mL UTEVA column; 4M HCI, Elution condition: 0.1M HCI

- Good separation from Ge
- > No separation from Zn and Fe

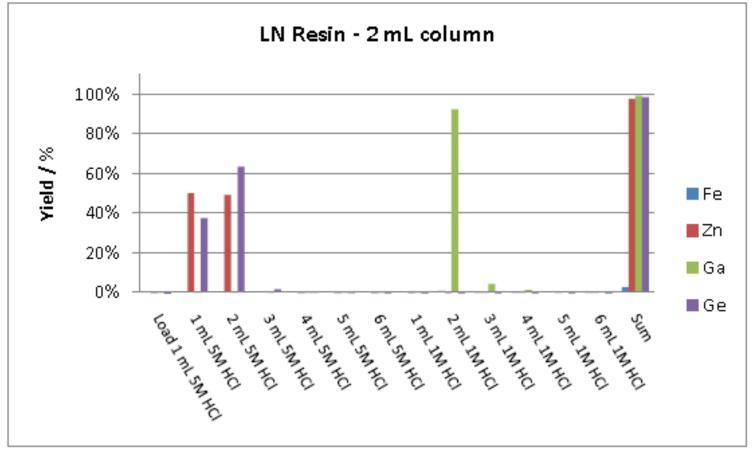




Elution study 2 mL LN column; 5M HCl, Elution condition: 0.5M HCl

- **Good separation from Ge, Fe (remains on resin) and Zn**
- > > 80% Ga in 1 mL 0.5M HCl
- > Quantitative elution in 2 mL 0.5M HCl





Elution study 2 mL LN column; 5M HCl, Elution condition: 1M HCl

- Good separation from Ge, Fe and Zn
- > 95% Ga in 1 mL 1M HCI
- > Quantitative elution in 2 mL 1M HCl



Zr-93

- Long-lived radionuclide
- Decommissioning and radioactive waste
- ≻LSC or ICP-MS (\rightarrow Nb-93!)
- Combination of literature methods
 - Vajda et.al. (UTEVA)
 - Le Fèvre/Pin (UTEVA)
 - ➢ Bombard et. al. (TEVA)
 - > NAS (AIX)



Zr separation via UTEVA/TEVA

- > 1st separation on UTEVA
 - > Advantage: no selectivity for Fe
- > Method following Vajda et. al.
 - Modified elution

Important for loading solution: quantitative F⁻ removal / masking!

 \succ Load: 5mL 9M HNO₃ / 100 µL H₂O₂

> Multi-element solutions approx. 100µg per element

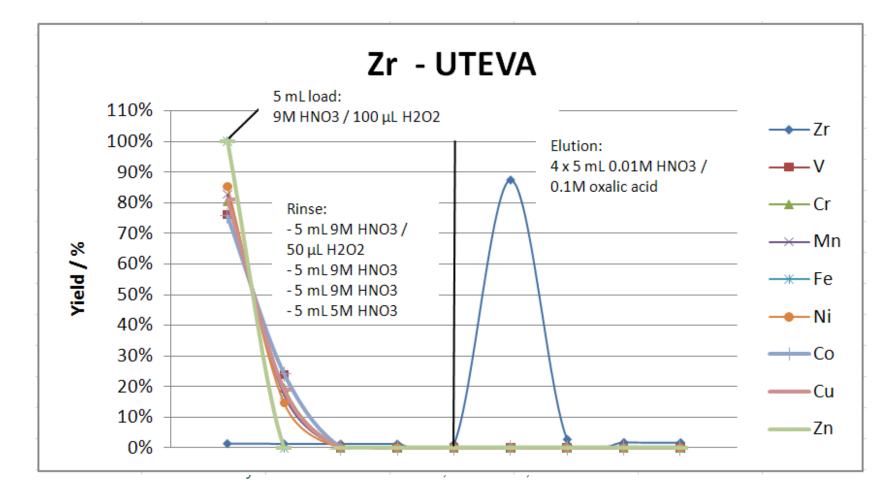
- > Rinse: 5 mL 9M HNO₃ / 50 µL H₂O₂
 - 2 x 5 mL 9M HNO₃
 - 5 mL 5M HNO₃
- Elution: 4 x 5 mL 0.01M HNO₃ / 0.1M oxalic acid

> All fractions analysed by ICP-MS



9

Zr separation on UTEVA

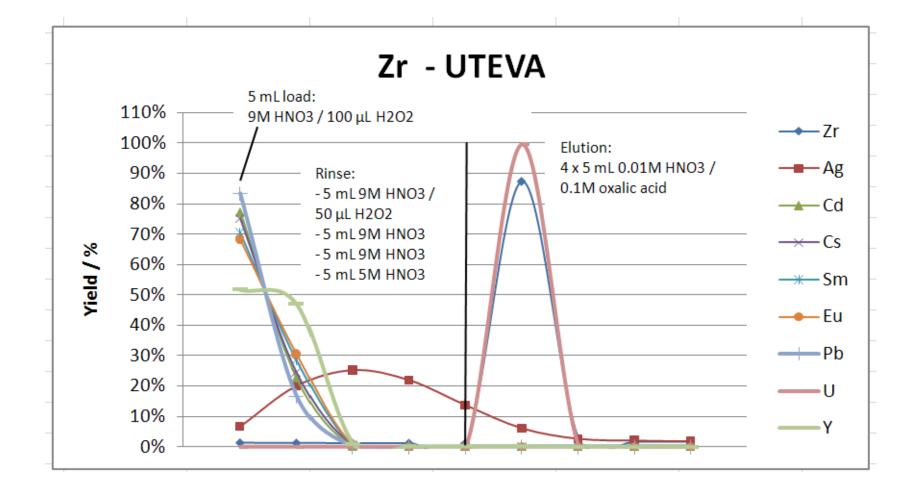


Zr elution works fine

> Near quantitative recovery in 5 mL 0.01M HNO₃ / 0.1M oxalic acid



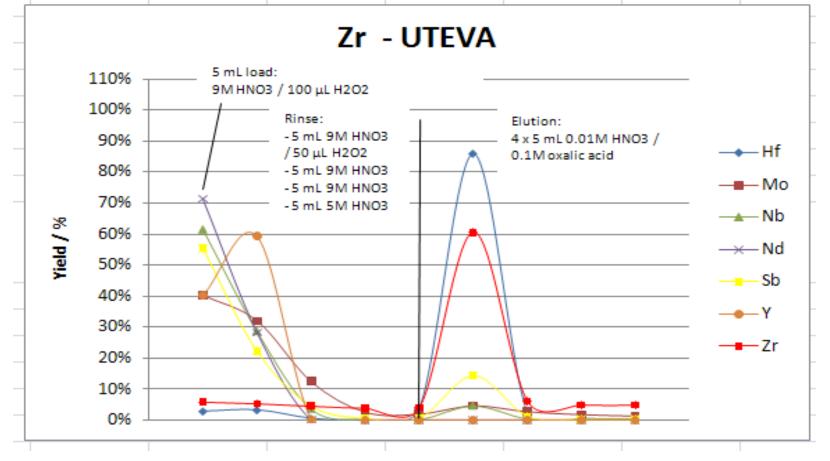
Zr separation on UTEVA



- > No Zr / U separation
- > Ag separation not quantitative



Zr separation on UTEVA



> No Zr / Hf separation

- > Not conform with literature....
- Sb(III) separation to be confirmed
- Good Nb separation

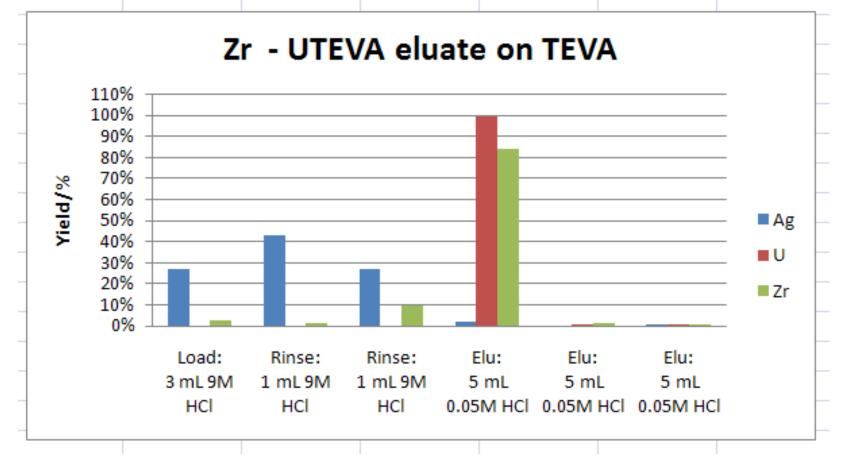


Zr separation on TEVA – UTEVA eluate

- > 2nd separation on TEVA
 - > Advantage: different selectivity than UTEVA
- > Method following Bombard et. al.
 - Modified elution
- Column preconditioning: 8M LiNO₃ / 0.01M HNO₃
- Load: 3mL 9M HCI
 - > UTEVA eluate from first test evaporated and converted to 9M HCI
- > Rinse: 2 x 1 mL 9M HCI
- Elution: 3 x 5 mL 0.05M HCI
- > All fractions analysed by ICP-MS
- > Additionally applied to multi-element solution



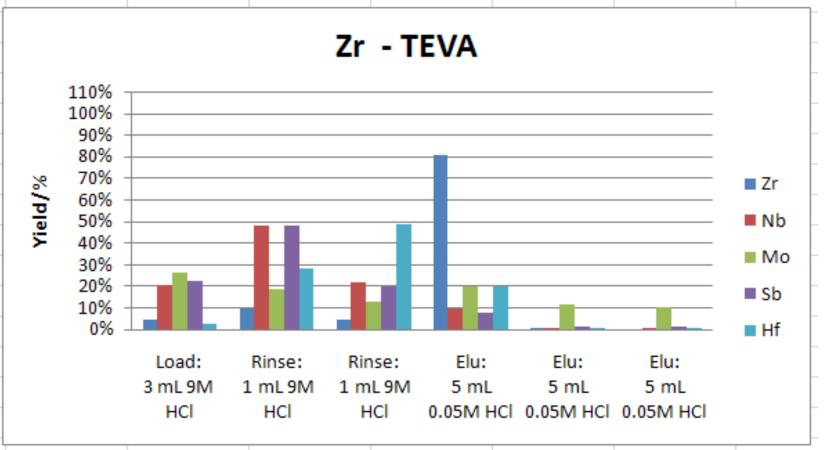
Zr separation on TEVA



- Good separation from Ag
- No separation from U
 - > U/Zr separation already on UTEVA
 - Modification of Zr elution from TEVA



Zr separation on TEVA



> Separation of Nb, Mo, Sb and Hf from Zr problematic under chosen conditions

- Hf and Sb separation should be improved by increase of 9M HCl rinsing step volume
- > Mo behavior not conform with literature control of oxidation state



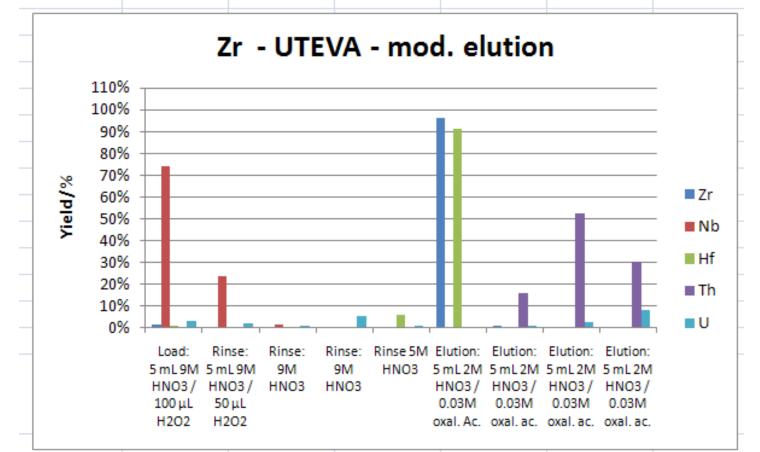
15

Zr separation on UTEVA – modified elution

- > No Zr/U separation with 0.01M HNO₃ / 0.1M oxalic acid
- Horwitz et al. show that Zr can be eluted with 2M HNO₃ / 0.02 M oxalic acid while U stays on UTEVA
- \succ Load: 5mL 9M HNO₃ / 100 µL H₂O₂
 - > Multi-element solutions approx 100µg per element
- > Rinse: 5 mL 9M HNO₃ / 50 µL H₂O₂
 - 2 x 5 mL 9M HNO₃
 - 5 mL 5M HNO₃
- Elution: 4 x 5 mL 2M HNO₃ / 0.03M oxalic acid
- > All fractions analysed by ICP-MS



Zr separation via UTEVA/TEVA



- Good U/Zr separation
- Still no Zr/Hf separation
- Th separation delicate
- > Zr elution in 5 mL 2M HNO₃ / 0.03M oxalic acid



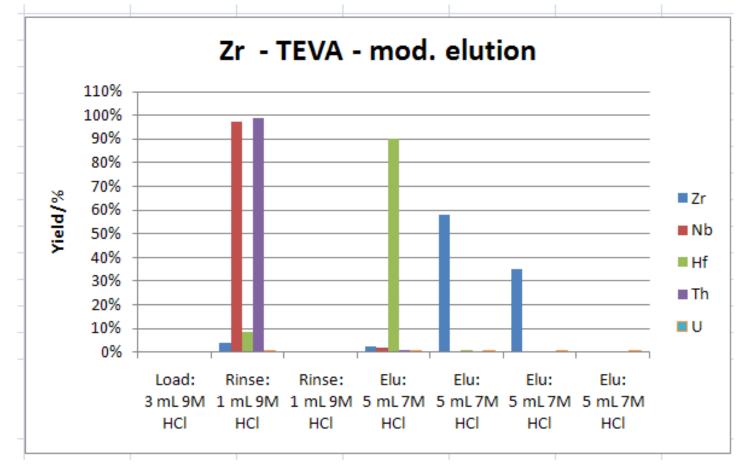
Zr separation on TEVA – modified elution

> NAS describes anion exchange method based on

- Loading from 9M HCI
- **Zr Elution in 7M HCI**
- Column preconditioning: 8M LiNO₃ / 0.01M HNO₃
- Load: 3mL 9M HCI
 - > Multi-element solutions approx 100µg per element
- > Rinse: 2 x 1 mL 9M HCI
- Elution: 4 x 5 mL 7M HCl
- > All fractions analysed by ICP-MS



Zr separation on TEVA



- > Th and U separation very good
- Interesting Zr/Hf elution behaviour
- Zr recovered in 10 mL 7M HCI
- > To be confirmed...



Conclusion

- Combining UTEVA and TEVA seems promising
- > Method still under work, needs to be improved
- Influence of matrix and HF to be evaluated
- > Separation on UTEVA:
 - Improvement of Zr/Hf separation
 - Confirmation of U and Th separation from Zr
 - Confirmation of Nb/Zr separation
 - Influence of HF and matrix...
- Separation on TEVA
 - Preconditioning with 9M HCI
 - Increased volume of 9M HCI rinsing step
 - Confirmation for Mo and Hf elution behaviour
 - Zr Elution via 0.05M HCl or 7M HCl



Sn separation

Context: Sn-121m in decommissioning samples
 High levels of matrix elements (incl. Ca and Fe)

≻ Literature:

- Ikaza/Yata: TBP resin
- Dissertation M. Langer: TRU resin
 - Load: 5mL 8M HCI (Fe and Sn retained, Co, Cd and Ni pass)
 - Rinse: 25 mL 8M HCI (removes remaining Co, Cd and Ni)
 - ➢ Rinse: 2.5M HCI (Fe elution)
 - ➢ Sn Elution with 20 mL 0.1M HCI

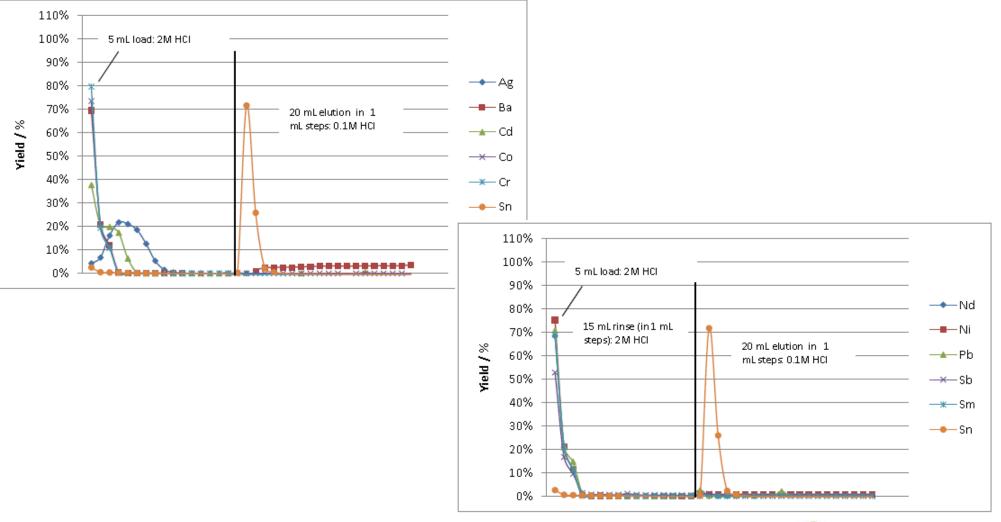


Sn separation – 1st Elution study

- Preparation of TBP resin
- > 2 mL TBP resin column
- Preconditioned with 5 mL 2M HCI
- 5 mL sample solution containing (V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Ni, Co, Cu, Zn, Y, Ag, Cd, Sn, Sb, Cs, Ba, Nd, Sm, Eu, Pb and U - each approx 50µg) in 2M HCI
- Sample loaded onto TBP resin column eluate collected
- Rinsing with 15 mL 2M HCI (collected in 1 mL steps)
- Elution with 20 mL 0.1M HCI (collected in 1 mL steps)
- All fractions measured by ICP-MS



Results – 1st Elution study

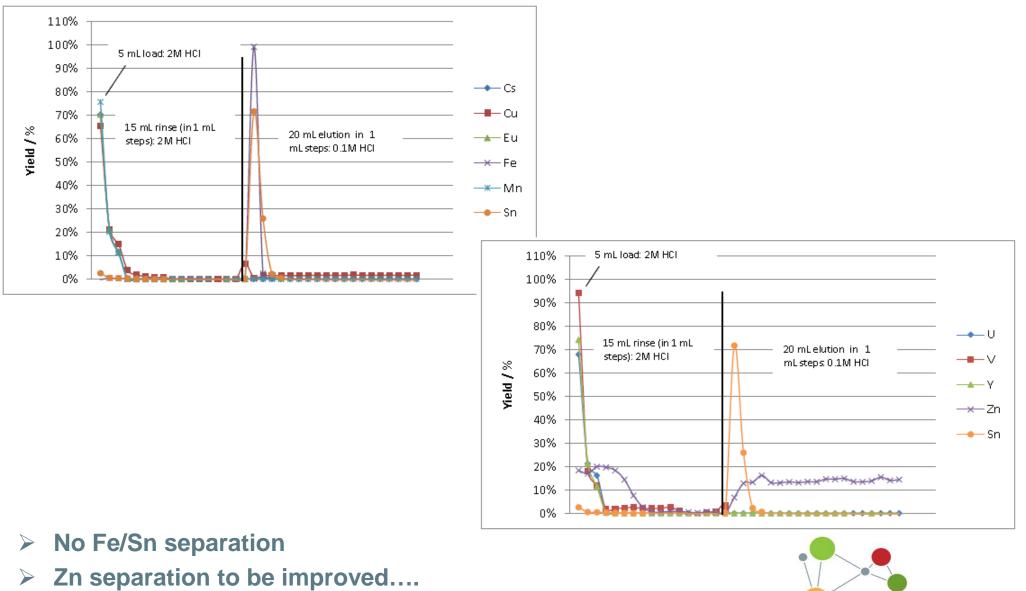


Overall good selectivity for Sn, elution in 5 mL 0.1M HCl possible



23

Results – 1st Elution study



24

INTERNATIONAL

Sn - Fe / Zn separation

Ghersini/Braun: In 0.1M H₂SO₄ TBP has very low selectivity for Fe and Zn, and high selectivity for Sn

Potential method:

- 2 mL column TBP resin
- Preconditioned with 5 mL 2M HCI
- ➢ 5 mL sample loading solution 2M HCI
- ➢ Rinsing with 2 x 5 mL 2M HCI
- ➢ Rinsing with 5 mL 0.1M H₂SO₄
- ➢ Elution with 5 mL 0.1M HCI
- Test currently under way
- For iron/metal samples: load from 0.1M H₂SO₄, followed by rinse with 2M HCl to avoid saturation of column with Fe?
- Further testing of method
- Testing of TRU resin as described by M Langer



25

Very special thanks!!
R. Streng
C. Dirks
A. Zulauf
at University Marburg

